

New Jersey Conservation





# Building Healthier and Electrified Homes



# Affordability of healthy, efficient buildings



	COMFORTABLE	HEALTHY	AFFORDABLE
<b>Mitigate</b> mold, lead, NOx		$\checkmark$	
Weatherization	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Switch to electric	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$



## Analysis of New Jersey energy bills shows that...

A representative New Jersey home with an average level of weatherization, switching to heat pumps for space heating and water heating

Saves about \$50 annually at low gas prices from winter 2020-2021

A drafty New Jersey home that improves weatherization and switches to heat pumps would ➤ Save about \$1,300 annually at low gas prices from winter 2020-2021.

Save over \$1,800 annually at higher gas prices from winter 2021-2022.





The Future is Electric, Acadia Center, March 2022

## Switching to heat pumps can result in substantial savings

➢An average home in *New Jersey Natural Gas territory* could reduce its energy bills by 30%

- A leaky home with improved weatherization in New Jersey Natural Gas territory could reduce its energy bills by 61% -- from \$2,800 a year to \$1,100 a year
- An average home using fuel oil spends \$3,000 annually on energy bills, and would save 58% by switching to electric heat pumps





The Future is Electric, Acadia Center, March 2022

## Energy bills will be lower for consumers with electric appliances

- Bills increase by 22% in 2030, if customer continues using gas appliances
- Bills decrease by 16% in 2030, if customer switches to electric appliances
  - EMP Ratepayer Impact Study, August 2022





## Why does switching save on energy bills in 2030?

- High efficiency of heat pump appliances -- 250% efficient; to 400% efficient
- Growing electric load results in lower electric rates
- Declining gas consumption results in higher gas rates (35% higher in 2030)





Consumers are choosing to electrify -- new federal investments and policies will accelerate defection from the gas system, resulting in higher gas rates and more defections.

➤An affordability crisis lies ahead for low and moderate-income households that continue to use gas appliances.



### More Information



# New Jersey Conservation

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- Protect energy bills for low and moderate income households now, before declining gas demand causes gas rates to escalate
- ➢New approaches are needed to scale up retrofit programs and address comfort, health and affordable energy for all low and moderate income households before 2030
- ➢New initiatives are needed to develop the supply chain in New Jersey, so that contractors, distributors and installers are able to deliver what consumers want



➢New funding to scale up retrofit programs based on Whole Home pilot learning

>New funding for **multifamily pilot programs** 

Pilot thermal networks – may provide a cost-effective strategy to electrify entire neighborhoods, and can be installed using the same workforce as the current pipeline network



## ME and VT project 50% of households will adopt heat pumps by 2031

# Home heating cost comparison

EfficiencyMaine.com





## Historic Investments in Building Decarbonization



## Building Impacts of federal funding



BPU





## Rebates – for low-income households

- \$8,000 for heat pumps
- \$1,750 for heat pump water heaters
- \$840 for heat pump clothes dryers
- \$840 for electric or induction stoves
- \$4,000 for electrical panel upgrades
- \$2,500 for rewiring
- \$1,600 for basic weatherization

Multifamily buildings also qualify if ≥50% of occupants are LMI



## Major trends point to rapid growth of electric appliances

- As consumers choose electric appliances, the decline in gas consumption increases gas rates and accelerates the shift to electric appliances
  - Consumers are choosing electric heat pumps as the *price premium* evaporates
  - > Energy bill savings are likely to increase over time
- Challenge: Supply chain development is needed in New Jersey, so that contractors, distributors and installers are able to deliver what consumers want.

